

## Curriculum Vitae Wolfgang Sommer

Degree: 1992 MD Humboldt-University/Max-Plank-Group for Molecular Virology

### Education and positions:

- 1981 - 1987 Studies in medicine at University of Greifswald
- 1989 - 1992 Graduate student at Max-Plank research group at Max-Delbruck-Centre, Berlin-Buch
- 1993 - 2001 Postdoc and clinical fellow at Karolinska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden
- 2002 - 2004 Associate professor and consultant in psychiatry at Karolinska Institute
- 2004 - 2008 Unit director Molecular Pathology at NIAAA/NIH, Bethesda, Maryland, USA
- Since 2008 Deputy scientific director and research group leader, Institute for Psychopharmacology at CIMH, Mannheim, Germany
- Since 2016 Professor for Psychiatry at the University of Heidelberg

### Role in the Project:

Dr. Sommer serves as the Coordinator of the project. His research interests involve neurobiological and genetic mechanisms of alcoholism, which he studies using molecular, behavioral and neuroimaging methods. He initiated and participates in a number of translational studies aiming to identify and validate human psychopathological mechanisms with appropriate animal models. In the context of the present project he had a leading role in establishing the postdependent state model, which is now widely used to study long-term neuroadaptations induced by alcohol dependence and widely applied for treatment development in alcoholism.

### Selected publications:

- Meinhardt MW, Sevin DC, Klee ML, Dieter S, Sauer U, **Sommer WH**. The neurometabolic fingerprint of excessive alcohol drinking. *Neuropsychopharmacology*. 40:1259-68, 2015
- Bilbao A, Robinson JE, Heilig M, Malanga CJ, Spanagel R, **Sommer WH\***, Thorsell A\*. A Pharmacogenetic determinant of mu-opioid receptor antagonist effects on alcohol reward and consumption: Evidence from humanized mice. *Biol Psychiatry*, 2015, [Epub ahead of print]  
\*equal contribution
- Meinhardt MW, Hansson AC, Perreau-Lenz S, Heilig M, Drescher KU, Spanagel R, **Sommer WH**. Rescue of infralimbic mGluR2 deficit restores control over drug-seeking behavior in alcohol dependence. *J Neurosci*, 33(7):2794-806, 2013
- Hermann D, Weber-Fahr W, Sartorius A, Hoerst M, Frischknecht U, Tunc-Skarka N, Perreau-Lenz S, Hansson AC, Krumm B, Kiefer F, Spanagel R, Mann K, Ende G, **Sommer WH**. Translational magnetic resonance spectroscopy reveals excessive central glutamate levels during alcohol withdrawal in humans and rats. *Biol Psychiatry* 71(11):1015-21, 2012.
- Schumann G et al..., **Sommer WH\***, Kooner JS\*, Spanagel R\*, Heberlein UA\*, Jarvelin MR\*, Elliott P\*. Genome-wide association and genetic functional studies identify autism susceptibility candidate 2 gene (AUTS2) in the regulation of alcohol consumption. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 108(17):7119-24, 2011 (\*Equal contribution)